Standardization Branch, ANM-113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (206) 227-2148; fax (206) 227-1320.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain British Aerospace Model BAe 146–100A and –200A airplanes was published in the Federal Register on May 18, 1995 (60 FR 26702). That action proposed to require modification of the glareshield and certain electrical equipment of the airplane.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public. The FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

The FAA estimates that 38 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 21 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Required parts will cost approximately \$6,000 per airplane. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$275,880, or \$7,260 per airplane.

The total cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has

been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 USC 106(g), 40101, 40113, 44701

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:
- 95–19–05 British Aerospace Regional Aircraft Limited, AVRO International Aerospace Division (Formerly British Aerospace, plc; British Aerospace Commercial Aircraft Limited): Amendment 39–9367. Docket 94–NM– 129–AD.

Applicability: Model BAe 146–100A and –200A airplanes; as listed in British Aerospace Service Bulletin SB.27–70–00913A&B, Revision 7, dated March 21, 1994; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (b) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure that the flight crew is advised when the lift spoilers fail to deploy on landing, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 18 months after the effective date of this AD, modify the glareshield and certain electrical equipment of the airplane

by installing an amber warning light in the glareshield that will illuminate if the lift spoilers fail to deploy on landing; perform a test of the glareshield warning light; and perform a lift spoiler inhibit and fault monitoring operational test; in accordance with British Aerospace Service Bulletin SB.27–70–00913A&B, Revision 7, dated March 21, 1994.

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

- (c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (d) The modification shall be done in accordance with British Aerospace Service Bulletin SB.27–70–00913A&B, Revision 7, dated March 21, 1994, which contains the specified effective pages:

Page No.	Revision level shown on page	Date shown on page
4–14, 16–34, 37–40,45.	4	None.
41–44	5	None.
2, 3	6	None.
1, 15, 35–36	7	March 21, 1994.

This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from AVRO International Aerospace, Inc., 22111 Pacific Blvd., Sterling, Virginia 20166. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on October 20, 1995.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 6, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–22590 Filed 9–19–95; 8:45 am]

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 94-NM-111-AD; Amendment 39-9373; AD 95-19-11]

Airworthiness Directives; British Aerospace Model Viscount 744, 745D, and 810 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to all British Aerospace Model Viscount 744, 745D, and 810 airplanes, that requires inspections to detect cracking of certain fittings of the tailplane spar, and replacement of the fittings with serviceable parts, if necessary. This amendment is prompted by reports of fatigue cracking of certain fittings in the tailplane spar. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent such cracking, which could result in structural degradation of the attachment of the horizontal stabilizer to the fuselage.

DATES: Effective October 20, 1995.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of October 20, 1995.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from British Aerospace Regional Aircraft Ltd., Engineering Support Manager, Military Business Unit, Chadderton Works, Greengate, Middleton, Manchester M24 1SA, England. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William Schroeder, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (206) 227–2148; fax (206) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all British Aerospace Model Viscount 744, 745D, and 810 airplanes was published in the Federal Register on May 1, 1995 (60 FR 21056). That action proposed to require repetitive high frequency eddy current

inspections to detect cracking of certain

fittings of the tailplane spar, and

replacement of the fittings with serviceable parts, if necessary.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public. The FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

The FAA estimates that 29 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 4 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$6,960, or \$240 per airplane.

The total cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the

Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 USC 106(g), 40101, 40113, 44701.

§39.13 [Amended]

- 2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:
- 95–19–11 British Aerospace Regional Aircraft Limited (Formerly British Aerospace Commercial Aircraft Limited, Vickers-Armstrongs Aircraft Limited): Amendment 39–9373. Docket 94–NM– 111–AD.

Applicability: All Model Viscount 744, 745D, and 810 airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (d) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent structural degradation of the attachment of the horizontal stabilizer to the fuselage, accomplish the following:

(a) For Model Viscount 744 and 745D airplanes: Within 3,000 landings or 3 years after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, perform a high frequency eddy current (HFEC) inspection to detect cracking of the bolt holes on the top fittings of the root joint of the tailplane spar, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert Preliminary Technical Leaflet (PTL) 264, Issue 3, dated September 1, 1992. Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 3,000 landings or 3 years, whichever occurs first.

(b) For Model Viscount 810 airplanes: Within 1,000 landings or 1 year after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, perform an HFEC inspection to detect cracking of the bolt holes on the top fittings of the root joint of the tailplane spar, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert PTL 127, Issue 3, dated June 1, 1992. Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 3,000 landings or 3 years, whichever occurs first.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a

new airworthiness directive (AD),

(c) If any cracking is found during the inspections required by paragraph (a) or (b) of this AD, prior to further flight, replace the cracked fitting with a serviceable part, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert PTL 264, Issue 3, dated September 1, 1992 (for Model 744 and 745D airplanes), or Alert PTL 127, Issue 3, dated June 1, 1992 (for Model 810 airplanes); as applicable.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(f) The inspection and replacement shall be done in accordance with British Aerospace Alert Preliminary Technical Leaflet (PTL) 264, Issue 3, dated September 1, 1992; or British Aerospace Alert PTL 127, Issue 3, dated June 1, 1992; as applicable. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from British Aerospace Regional Aircraft Ltd. Engineering Support Manager, Military Business Unit, Chadderton Works, Greengate, Middleton, Manchester M24 1SA, England. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(g) This amendment becomes effective on October 20, 1995.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 7, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–22856 Filed 9–19 –95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 94-NM-184-AD; Amendment 39-9374; AD 95-19-12]

Airworthiness Directives; British Aerospace Model BAC 1–11 200 and 400 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

applicable to all British Aerospace Model BAC 1-11 200 and 400 series airplanes, that requires various repetitive inspections to detect cracks in certain panels of the lower skin of the wing, and in certain fixed ribs of the leading edge of the wing. This amendment also requires repair or replacement of cracked parts, which would terminate certain repetitive inspections. This amendment is prompted by reports of cracking in certain panels of the lower skin of the wing, and in certain fixed ribs of the leading edge of the wing due to fatiguerelated stress. The actions specified by this AD are intended to ensure the structural integrity of the wing by detecting fatigue-related cracking in a timely manner in the panels of the lower skin of the wing or in the fixed ribs of the leading edge of the wing. DATES: Effective October 20, 1995. The incorporation by reference of

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of October 20, 1995

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from British Aerospace, Airbus Limited, P.O. Box 77, Bristol BS99 7AR, England. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William Schroeder, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone

(206) 227–2148; fax (206) 227–1149. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all British Aerospace Model BAC 1–11 200 and 400 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on June 9, 1995 (60 FR 30474). That action proposed to require various repetitive inspections to detect cracks in panel number 1 at rib 6 and in panel number 2 at rib 10 of the lower skin of the wing, in the rebate radius of panel number 2 at the joint between panels 1 and 2 of the lower skin of the wing, and in the top and bottom flanges of fixed ribs 6, 10, and 14 of the leading edge of the wing. That action also proposed to require repair or replacement of cracked parts, which

constitutes terminating action for certain repetitive inspection requirements.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the single comment received.

The commenter supports the proposed rule.

After careful review of the available data, including the comment noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

The FAA estimates that 31 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 14 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$26,040, or \$840 per airplane.

The total cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a 'significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.